

# A WEARABLE MUSICAL INTERFACE USING A WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORK



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# Introduction

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- **Goal**: implement a platform that allows the use of a wireless sensor network as a **wearable interface** that can be used for **producing music**
- **Requirements:**
  - Modular
  - Flexible
  - MIDI-compliant



# What is MIDI

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- **MIDI** (*Musical Instrument Digital Interface*) is a standard technology for the **interaction between musical devices**
- It standardizes:
  - A communication protocol
  - An hardware interface
- Versatile technology, widely used since the 80's and still reliable after more than 30 years

# Shimmer sensor nodes

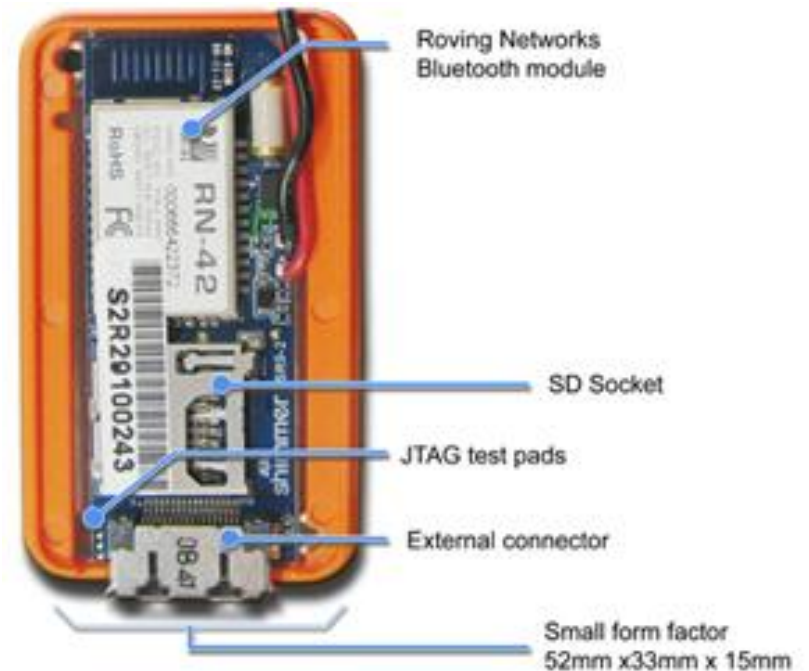
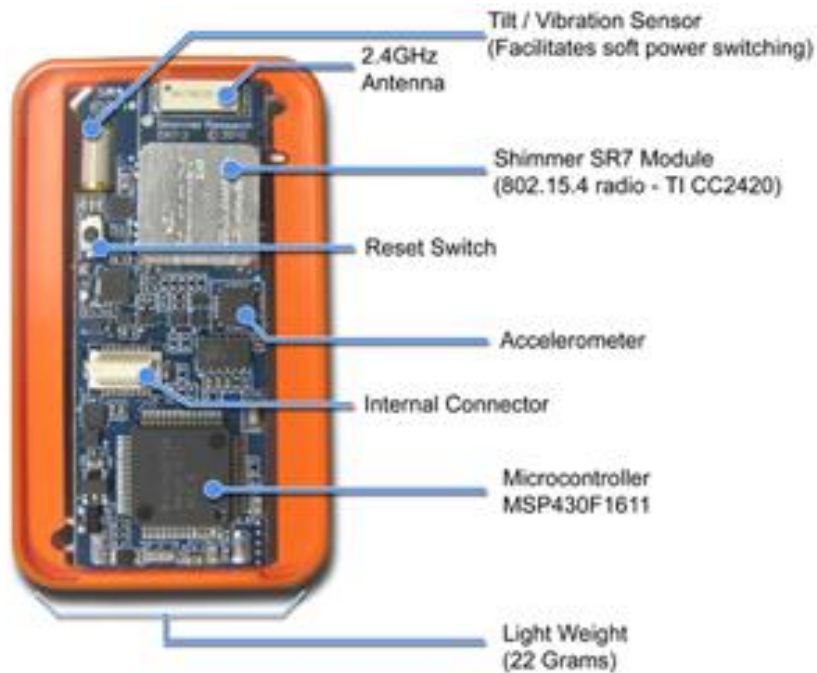
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- For setting up the WSN we choose *Shimmer* sensor nodes:
  - ▣ Suitable for wearable applications
  - ▣ Integrate a **3-axis accelerometer**
  - ▣ Optional gyroscope shield (not used in this project)
  - ▣ Bluetooth or 802.15.4 communication
  - ▣ Support **TinyOS**



# Shimmer sensor nodes

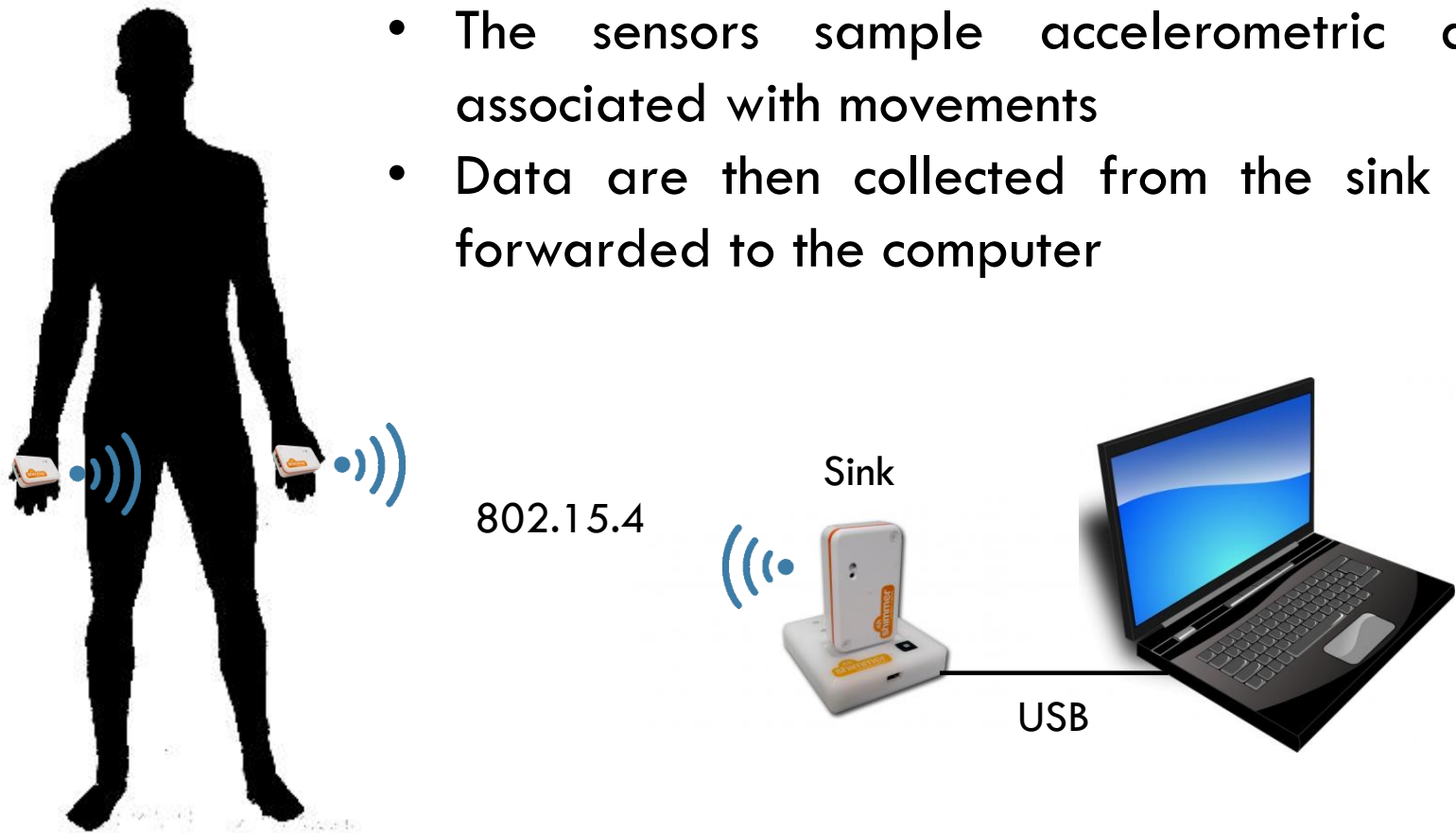
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# Overview of the system

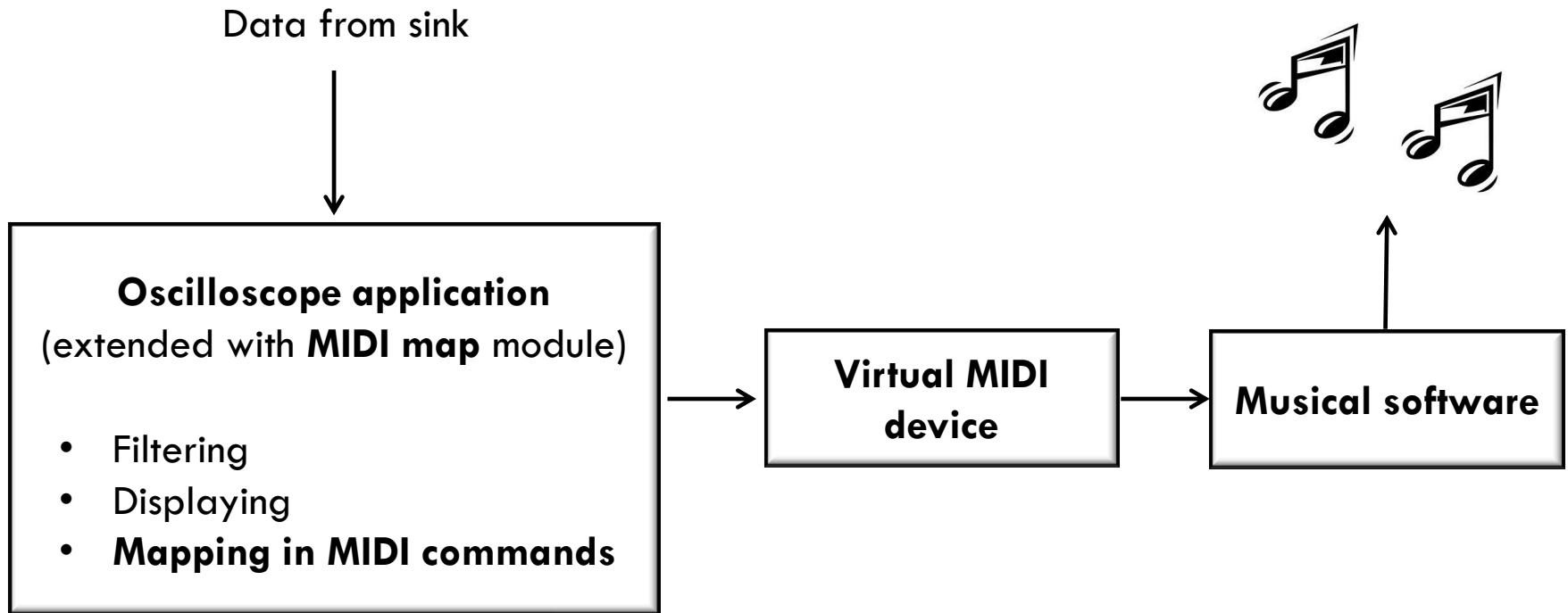
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- Two or more wireless sensors on the body
- The sensors sample accelerometric data associated with movements
- Data are then collected from the sink and forwarded to the computer



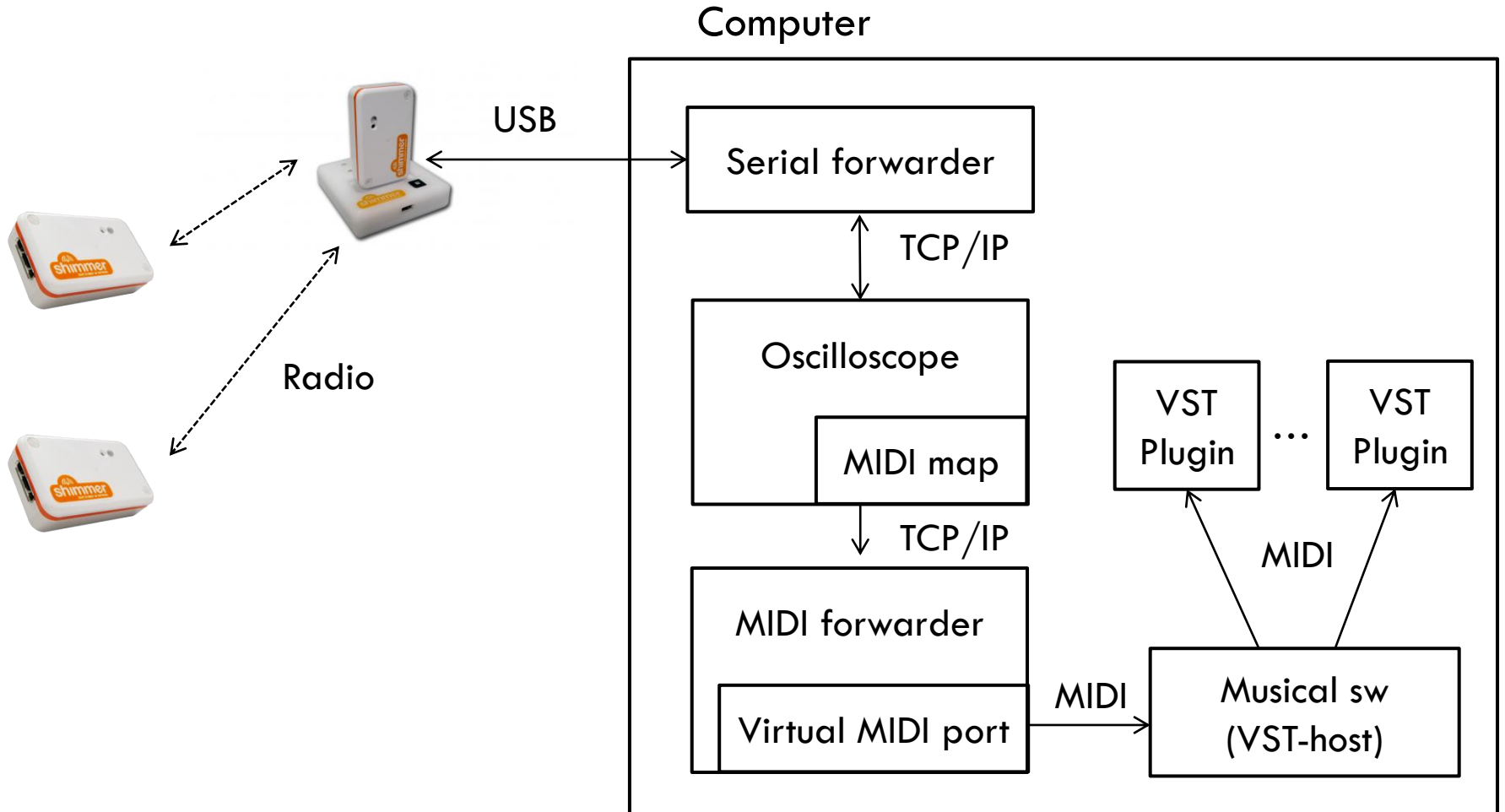
# Overview of the system (cont'd)

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# Detailed architecture

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# MIDI controller

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This way the WSN become a standard **MIDI controller**, that can interoperate with every musical software

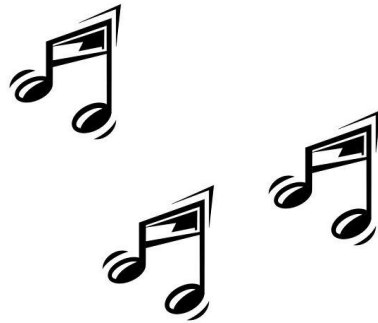


# How to choose the mapping

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- The way to map sensed data into MIDI messages is absolutely arbitrary, and can lead to a **multitude of expressive results**
- Every data channel can be mapped in a different
  - instrument
  - effect
  - note/chord
  - etc...
- ...and this can be done in a variety of ways!

# Demonstration time



# Features

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- **Modular, extensible:**
  - ▣ Is it possible to use an arbitrary number of sensor nodes, and choose which on-board sensors must be used as data sources
- **Flexible:**
  - ▣ Many degrees of freedom in the mapping
    - Many expressive possibilities
  - ▣ Sound generation is left to specialized and mature softwares
- **Standard:**
  - ▣ Since the WSN becomes a MIDI controller, it is able to interoperate with a multitude of software platforms

# Possible applications

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The platform can be used for several purposes:

- New expressive forms based on gestuality
- In combination with traditional instruments  
(e.g. influence of on-stage movements on played music)
- Any application that asks for sonification of human movements:
  - ▣ Sport training
  - ▣ Rehabilitation
  - ▣ ...

# References

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- Shimmer sensor nodes
  - <http://www.shimmer-research.com/>
- General information about MIDI
  - <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MIDI>
- VST
  - [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual\\_Studio\\_Technology](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual_Studio_Technology)
- rtMidi, a cross-platform C++ library for MIDI
  - <http://www.music.mcgill.ca/~gary/rtmidi/>
- Sonification
  - <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sonification>

**Thank you for your attention :-)**

# Implementation details



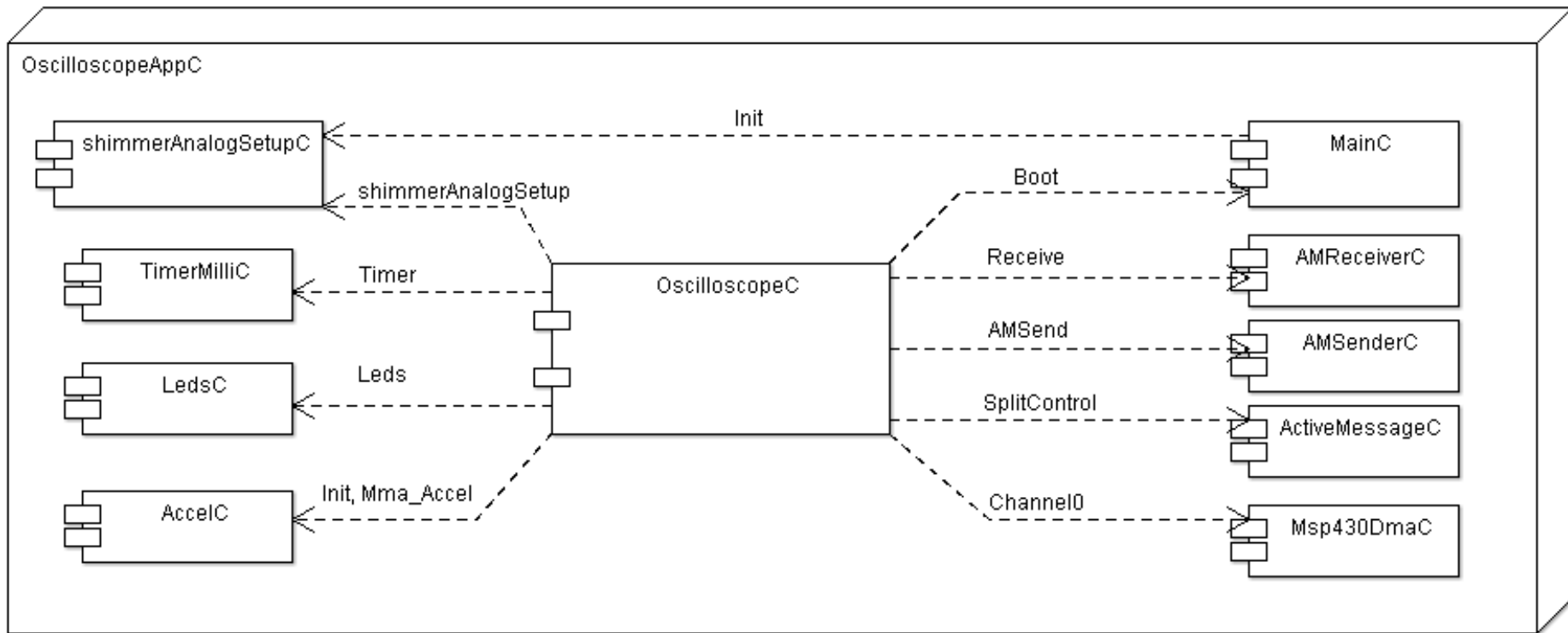
# OscilloscopeAppC - overview

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- *OscilloscopeAppC* is the TinyOS application running on sensor nodes
- Receives commands from the sink:  
start/stop/change\_freq
- Samples the on-board tri-axis accelerometer using three ADC channels in DMA mode
- When a block of samples has been collected, the sensor node sends it to the sink via radio

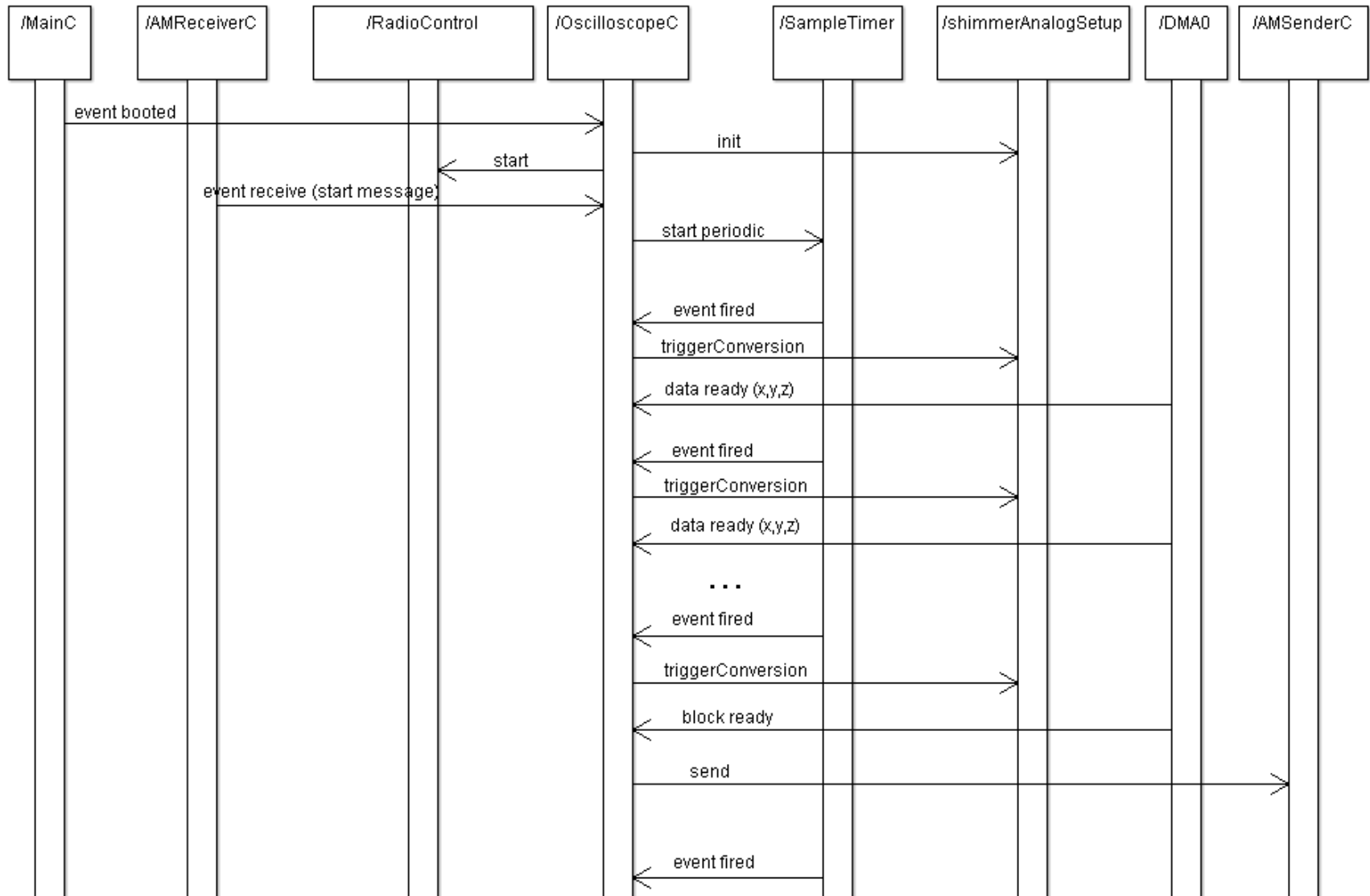
# OscilloscopeAppC - architecture

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# OscilloscopeAppC - interactions

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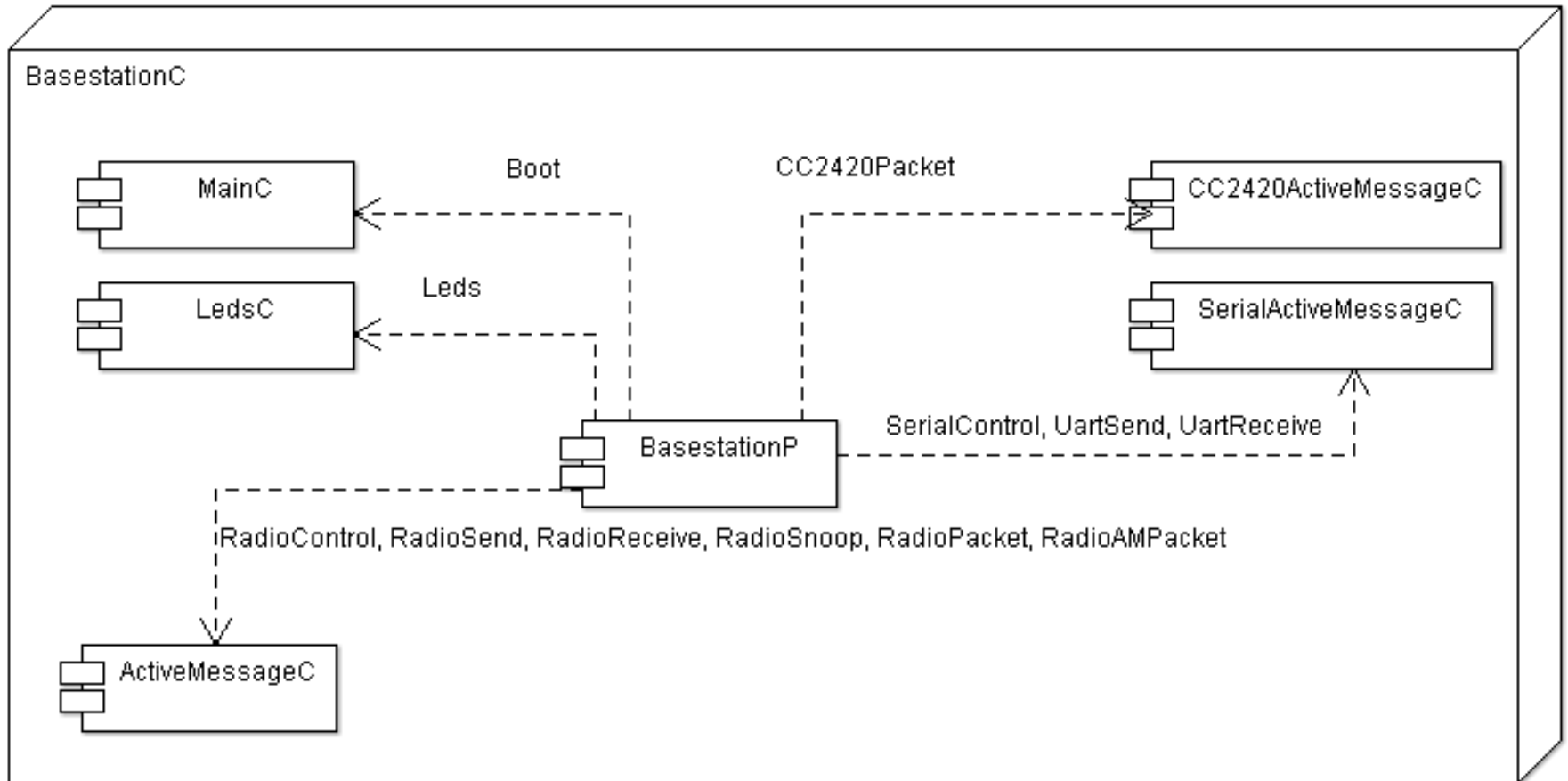
# BasestationC - overview

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- *BasestationC* is the TinyOS application running on the sink node
- Acts as a **bridge** between the serial and the radio link
- Implements queues in both direction to handle traffic spikes

# BasestationC - architecture

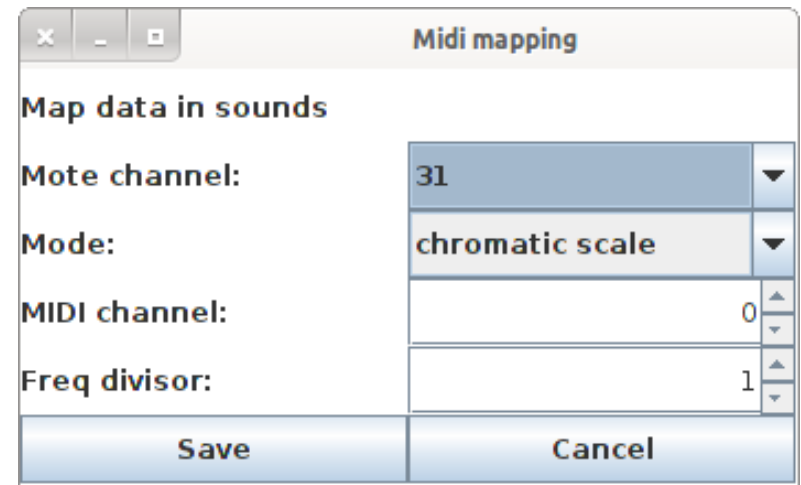
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# MIDI map module

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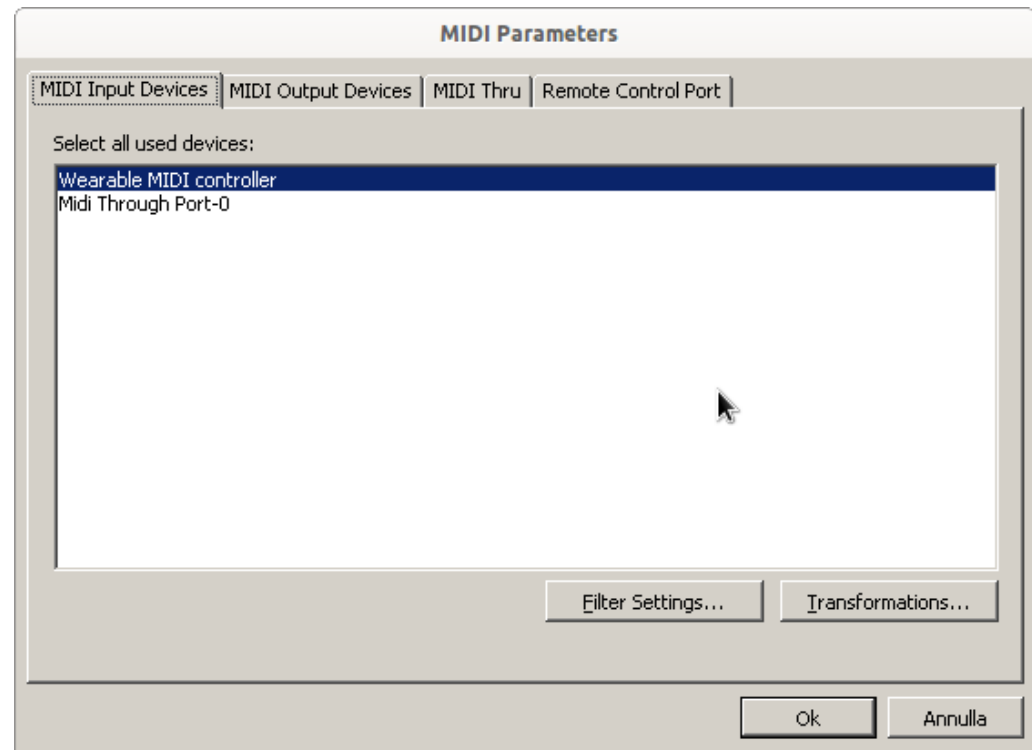
- Offers a simple GUI: the user can choose how to map the active data channels into MIDI messages from a predefined set of mappings
- The module then catches incoming data, maps it into MIDI command according to user-defined preferences, and forwards them via TCP/IP socket toward the MIDI forwarder



# MIDI forwarder

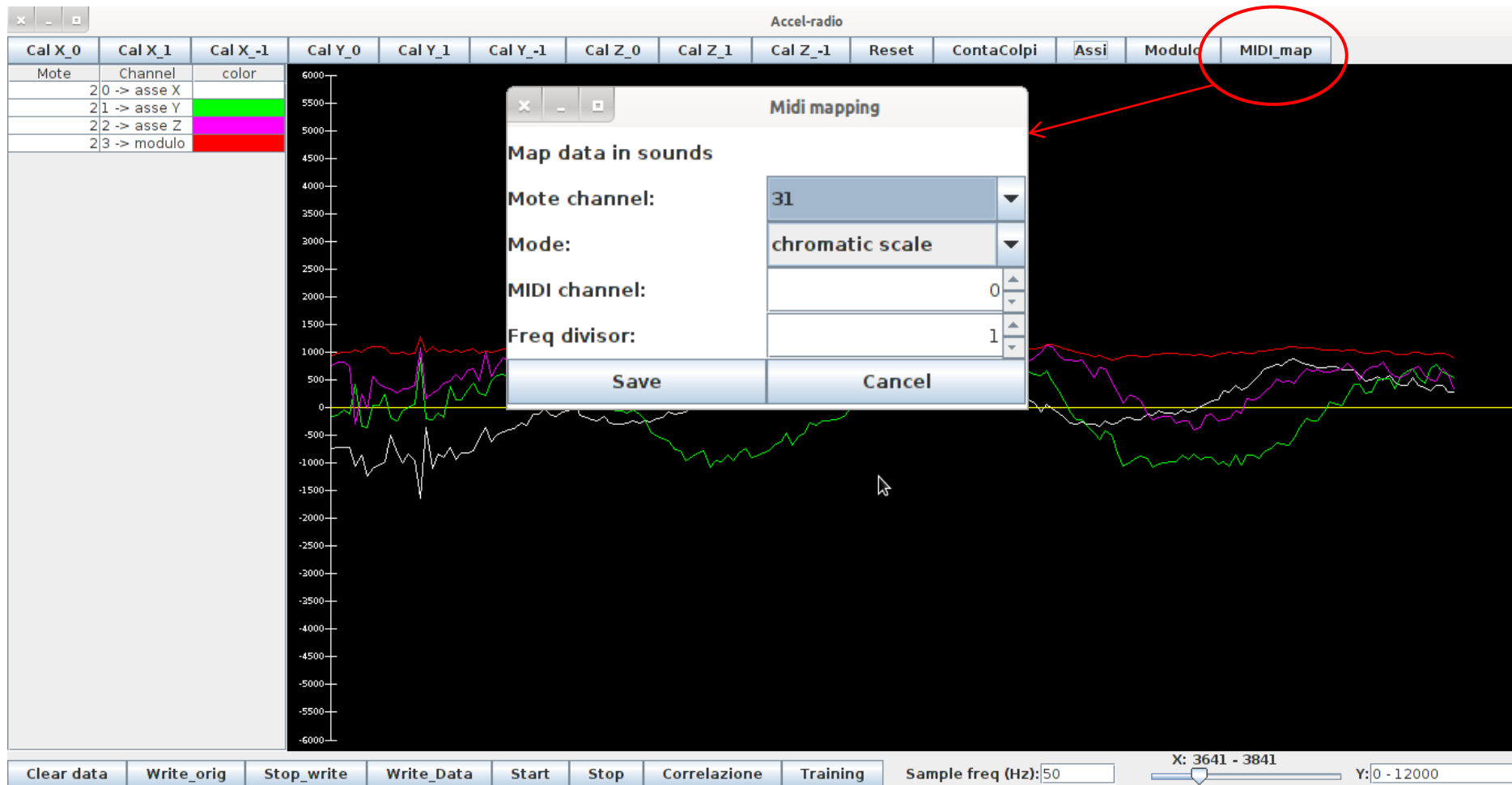
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- Implements a virtual MIDI device: the WSN is seen as an input MIDI peripheral plugged into the computer
- It then acts as a bridge:
  - ▣ Waits for incoming MIDI messages from a TCP/IP socket
  - ▣ Forwards MIDI messages to the virtual MIDI port



# Screenshots: Oscilloscope + MidiMap

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# Screenshots

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